Intasol Combi Solar Diverter

The Intasol is a hot water diverter valve for use with combination boilers or instantaneous water heaters. This means that a solar system can now be linked with a combi boiler as back-up

Cross-flow contamination is eliminated by the clever deployment of solar check valves integrate within the valve.

The Intasol manifold allows unvented hot water heated by solar thermal panels, to be used safely with a combination boiler.

The Intasol system automatically harnesses the thermal energy contained in a solar water storage system to provide water at a controlled, optimum temperature.

Intasol in supplied complete with a TMV2 thermostatic mixing valve, thermostatic diverting valve, thermostatic blending valve and integral non-return valve.

The system ensures that the user always received hot water at the set temperature, and diverts cold water at 28 $^{\circ}$ C to activate the boiler when the temperature of the water coming from the solar storage cylinder falls below 48 $^{\circ}$ C.

Its compact design means that all the valves are housed in the body of the Intasol, and it's supplied complete with connections suitable for copper pipe.

High Temperature Solar Systems

The temperature of the domestic water in solar thermal systems can reach very high temperatures over long periods. In summer, especially if there is little water usage, the hot water can reach a temperature of around 98 $^{\circ}$ C before the temperature and pressure safety relief valve are actuated. At these temperatures, the hot water cannot be used directly because of the risk of scalding to the user.

Water temperature over 50 $^{\rm o}$ C can cause burns very quickly. At 55 $^{\rm o}$ C, partial burns occur after 30 seconds immersion. At 60 $^{\rm o}$ C, they can occur in as little as 5 seconds. Intasol incorporates a TMV2 thermostatic mixing valve which blends the hot and cold water to deliver blended water at a safe temperature for users.

Technical specification:

Connections: 15mm compression for copper tube
Body Material: DZR copper alloy BS EN 12164 CW602N
Shutter: UDEL GF-120NT
Spring: Stainless Steel AISI 302

Thermostatic mixing valve

Maximum working pressure: 10 bar (static), 5 bar (dynamic) Adjustment range: 35-55 $^{\circ}$ C Accuracy: \pm 2 $^{\circ}$ C Maximum inlet temperature: 100 $^{\circ}$ C Minimum inlet pressure ration (H/C or C/H) 2: 1 Minimum temperature difference between the inlet hot water and the outlet mixed water to

ensure anti-scald performance: $\,$ 10 $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$

Minimum flow rate for stable operation:

6 litres per minute

Thermostatic diverting valve

Maximum working pressure: 10 bar (static), 5 bar (dynamic)

Factory set: 48 °C Maximum inlet temperature: 100 °C

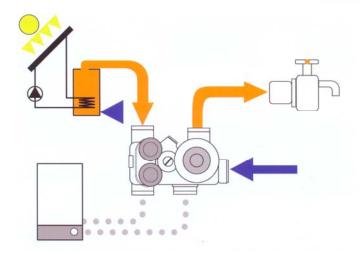
Thermostatic blending valve

Maximum working pressure: 10 bar (static), 5 bar (dynamic)

Factory set: 28 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ Maximum inlet temperature: 90 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$



Operation example 1: DHWS heated by Solar delivery direct to taps via mix with cold to a safe temperature.



Operation example 2: DHWS from cylinder only warm (or cold). Intasol diverts to the combi boiler, heats DHWS and delivers to taps. DHWS is mixed at the Intasol valve to maintain safe temperatures.

